1 2 3 4	JOHN F. HORVATH [<i>Pro Hac Vice</i> , pending] jhorvath@hlpc-law.com HORVATH & WEAVER, P.C. 10 South La Salle, Suite 1400 Chicago, IL 60603 Telephone: (312) 419-6600 Facsimile: (312) 419-6666		
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	EDWARD J. MCINTYRE [SBN 80402] emcintyre@swsslaw.com SOLOMON WARD SEIDENWURM & SMITH, LLP 401 B Street, Suite 1200 San Diego, California 92101 Telephone: (619) 231-0303 Facsimile: (619) 231-4755 Attorneys for Defendants San Diego Refrigerated Services, doing business as Harborside Refrigerated Services, doing business as Harborside; San Diego Refrigerated Services, Inc. doing business as San Diego Terminals and Pla-Art International, Inc. doing business as San Diego Cold Storage, also known as, SDCold, doing business as San Diego Cold, doing business as San		
14	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
- 1	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
15	SOUTHERN DISTRI	ICT OF CALIFORNIA	
15 16	SOUTHERN DISTRI	ICT OF CALIFORNIA	
	CATLIN UNDERWRITING AGENCIES	CASE NO. 08-CV-0173 WQH (JMA)	
16	CATLIN UNDERWRITING AGENCIES LIMITED,		
16 17	CATLIN UNDERWRITING AGENCIES LIMITED, Plaintiff,	CASE NO. 08-CV-0173 WQH (JMA) Complaint Filed: January 29, 2008 ANSWER TO COMPLAINT AND	
16 17 18	CATLIN UNDERWRITING AGENCIES LIMITED, Plaintiff, v.	CASE NO. 08-CV-0173 WQH (JMA) Complaint Filed: January 29, 2008	
16 17 18 19	CATLIN UNDERWRITING AGENCIES LIMITED, Plaintiff, v. SAN DIEGO REFRIGERATED SERVICES, INC. D/B/A HARBORSIDE D/B/A SAN	CASE NO. 08-CV-0173 WQH (JMA) Complaint Filed: January 29, 2008 ANSWER TO COMPLAINT AND COUNTERCLAIM FOR DECLARATORY	
16 17 18 19 20	CATLIN UNDERWRITING AGENCIES LIMITED, Plaintiff, v. SAN DIEGO REFRIGERATED SERVICES, INC. D/B/A HARBORSIDE D/B/A SAN DIEGO TERMINALS, PLA-ART INTERNATIONAL D/B/A SAN DIEGO	CASE NO. 08-CV-0173 WQH (JMA) Complaint Filed: January 29, 2008 ANSWER TO COMPLAINT AND COUNTERCLAIM FOR DECLARATORY	
16 17 18 19 20 21	CATLIN UNDERWRITING AGENCIES LIMITED, Plaintiff, v. SAN DIEGO REFRIGERATED SERVICES, INC. D/B/A HARBORSIDE D/B/A SAN DIEGO TERMINALS, PLA-ART INTERNATIONAL D/B/A SAN DIEGO COLD STORAGE, SAN DIEGO COLD STORAGE, INC., MIGUEL CUEVA A/K/A	CASE NO. 08-CV-0173 WQH (JMA) Complaint Filed: January 29, 2008 ANSWER TO COMPLAINT AND COUNTERCLAIM FOR DECLARATORY	
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16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	CATLIN UNDERWRITING AGENCIES LIMITED, Plaintiff, v. SAN DIEGO REFRIGERATED SERVICES, INC. D/B/A HARBORSIDE D/B/A SAN DIEGO TERMINALS, PLA-ART INTERNATIONAL D/B/A SAN DIEGO COLD STORAGE, SAN DIEGO COLD STORAGE, INC., MIGUEL CUEVA A/K/A MIGUEL TAMAYO, SERGIO HERNANDEZ, MARCUS FOODS, INC., and DOES 1	CASE NO. 08-CV-0173 WQH (JMA) Complaint Filed: January 29, 2008 ANSWER TO COMPLAINT AND COUNTERCLAIM FOR DECLARATORY	
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ANSWER TO COMPLAINT

NATURE OF DISPUTE

1. San Diego Refrigerated Services, Inc. (SDRS) and PLA-ART International, Inc., dba San Diego Cold Storage (SDCS) admit only that the entities identified in this paragraph are among the named insureds under the policy. Except as specifically admitted, SDRS and SDCS deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.

PARTIES

- 2. SDRS and SDCS have neither knowledge nor information sufficient to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in this paragraph and, accordingly, deny them.
- 3. SDRS and SDCS deny that Harborside does business as San Diego Terminals. SDRS and SDCS admit that San Diego Refrigerated Services, Inc. does business as San Diego Terminals and admit the remaining allegations in this paragraph.
 - 4. SDRS and SDCS admit the allegations in this paragraph.
 - 5. SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.
- 6. SDRS and SDCS deny that Miguel Cueva is also known as Miguel Tamayo. SDRS and SDCS admit that Miguel Cueva resides in California.
- 7. SDRS and SDCS have neither knowledge nor information sufficient to form a belief about the truth of the remaining allegations in this paragraph and, accordingly, deny them.
 - 8. SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 9. SDRS and SDCS admit the allegations in the paragraph.
- SDRS and SDCS have neither knowledge nor information sufficient to form a 10. belief about the truth of the remaining allegations in this paragraph and, accordingly, deny them.
- 11. Defendants SDRS and SDCS deny that Harborside does business as San Diego Terminals. SDRS and SDCS otherwise admit the allegations in this paragraph.

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FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

INSURANCE POLICY

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- SDRS and SDCS admit the allegations in this paragraph. 12.
- 13. SDRS and SDCS admit the Policy has a \$10,000.00 per occurrence deductible and that the policy has a limit of liability of \$3.5 million as to the premises located at 1240 W. 28th St. in National City, California. SDRS and SDCS deny that the policy has a \$3.5 million limit as to other insured premises. Except as specifically admitted, SDRS and SDCS deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.
- SDRS and SDCS deny that plaintiff has accurately quoted the cited portions of 14. the policy. SDRS and SDCS state that the policy speaks for itself and deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.
- 15. SDRS and SDCS deny that plaintiff has accurately quoted the cited portion of the policy. SDRS and SDCS state that the policy speaks for itself and deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.
- 16. SDRS and SDCS deny that plaintiff has accurately quoted the cited portion of the policy. SDRS and SDCS state that the policy speaks for itself and deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.
- 17. SDRS and SDCS state that the policy speaks for itself. SDRS and SDCS admit that the cited language appears at Section G, Paragraph 1 of the policy.

В. RELEASE OF MARCUS FOODS PRODUCT

- 18. SDRS and SDCS object to plaintiff's naming SDRS as a defendant since SDRS did not have anything to do with storing product for Marcus Food Co.'s account. SDRS and SDCS deny that Harborside does business as San Diego Terminals. SDRS and SDCS admit only that SDCS stored food products for the account of Marcus Foods Co. ("Marcus") at its warehouse facility located at 1240 W. 28th Street in National City, California. Except as specifically admitted, SDRS and SDCS deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.
- 19. SDRS and SDCS have neither knowledge sufficient to form a belief about the truth of the allegations about what Marcus "suspected" and accordingly, deny them. SDRS

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- and SDCS admit that Marcus knew, by no later than August 8, 2006, that Sergio Hernandez had removed cases of food product from the SDCS warehouse without SDCS' knowledge, authorization, consent or assistance and that he had delivered that food products to Del Rancho Foods, a customer of Marcus. Except as specifically admitted, SDRS and SDCS deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.
- 20. SDRS and SDCS has neither knowledge sufficient to form a belief about the truth of the allegations about what Marcus believed and accordingly deny them. Except as specifically admitted, SDRS and SDCS deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.
- SDRS and SDCS admit that on or before August 8, 2006 Marcus requested a 21. physical inventory count of the goods SDCS was storing for the account of Marcus at the National City, California facility. Except as specifically admitted, SDRS and SDCS deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.
- 22. SDRS and SDCS admit that defendant SDCS conducted a physical inventory count of the product it stored for the account of Marcus at the National City, California facility and advised Marcus of the results of that inventory count on or before August 8, 2006. Except as specifically admitted, SDRS and SDCS deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.
 - 23. SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.
 - SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph. 24.
- 25. SDRS and SDCS admit that during 2006 Del Rancho Foods was a customer of Marcus. Except as specifically admitted, SDRS and SDCS deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.
- 26. SDRS and SDCS admit only that SDCS was informed that Marcus and Del Rancho Foods had entered into an agreement regarding product Del Rancho Foods had allegedly received and for which it had not made payment to Marcus. SDRS and SDCS admit that Marcus and/or Sergio Hernandez and/or Alberto Sanchez had represented to SDCS that Exhibit "B" was a true and accurate copy of the alleged agreement. Except as specifically admitted, SDRS and SDCS deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.

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- 27. SDRS and SDCS deny that plaintiff has accurately quoted the Memo Of Understanding. SDRS and SDCS state that the document speaks for itself.
- 28. SDRS and SDCS admit only that SDCS had been advised of a written agreement between Marcus and Del Rancho Foods as of September, 2006 and that SDCS received a document titled Memo Of Understanding and was advised that it was the agreement between Marcus and Del Rancho Foods at some time on or before September 6, 2006. Except as specifically admitted, defendants SDRS and SDCS deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.
- 29. SDRS and SDCS only admit that Michael Jerde of SDCS faxed a document entitled "Memo Of Understanding" to Frank Plant of SDCS on September 6, 2006. Except as specifically admitted, SDRS and SDCS deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.
- 30. SDRS and SDCS admit only that, in or around September 1, 2006 SDCS received a fax from MARCUS demanding payment of \$124,132.77 for allegedly missing product. Except as specifically admitted, SDRS and SDCS deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.
- 31. SDRS and SDCS admit only that Marcus made a demand against SDCS for payment of \$124,132.77 on or around September 1, 2006 but deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.
 - 32. SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.
 - 33. SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.
 - 34. SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.
 - 35. SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.
 - 36. SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.
 - 37. SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.

C. MARCUS FOOD COMPLAINT

38. SDRS and SDCS admit only that Marcus filed the referenced complaint against SDRS, SDCS, Miguel Cueva, Sergio Hernandez and Does 1-100 on May 10, 2006 and that a true and accurate copy of said complaint is attached as Exhibit C to plaintiff's complaint.

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Except as specifically admitted, SDRS and SDCS deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.

- 39. SDRS and SDCS admit only that plaintiff Marcus has made such allegations, among others, in its complaint. SDRS and SDCS deny liability for the claims asserted against them by Marcus in the Marcus law suit and deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.
- 40. SDRS and SDCS deny that plaintiff has accurately guoted the cited portions of the complaint filed by Marcus against defendants on May 10, 2007. SDRS and SDCS deny liability for the claims asserted against them by Marcus in the Marcus law suit and state that the complaint speaks for itself.
- 41. SDRS and SDCS admit only that Marcus Food has made such allegations in its complaint. Except as specifically admitted, SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.
 - 42. SDRS and SDCS admit the allegations in this paragraph.
- 43. SDRS and SDCS admit that they first notified plaintiff of Marcus' claim, as set forth in the Marcus complaint, after being served with the summons and complaint in the MARCUS law suit but deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.
- 44. SDRS and SDCS admit that they first notified plaintiff of Marcus' claim, as set forth in the MARCUS law suit, after being served with the summons and complaint in the MARCUS law suit but deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.
- 45. SDRS and SDCS have neither knowledge nor information sufficient to form a belief about the truth of the allegations in this paragraph and, accordingly, deny them.
 - 46. SDRS and SDCS admit the allegations in this paragraph.

COUNT I

(IN THE ALTERNATIVE TO COUNT III) DECLARATION OF NO COVERAGE BECAUSE NO OCCURRENCE

- 47. SDRS and SDCS incorporate by this reference their answers to paragraphs 1 through 46, above.
 - 48. SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.

1	49.	SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.	
2	50.	SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.	
3	51.	SDRS and SDCS deny that the policy provides coverage only in those	
4	incidences	where there has been "exposure to some sort of physical harm (wind, cold mold,	
5	etc.) that re	sults in property damage" as alleged and deny the remaining allegations in this	
6	paragraph.		
7	52.	SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.	
8	53.	SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.	
9	54.	SDRS and SDCS deny liability to Marcus for the matters alleged in the Marcus	
10	complaint.	In the event that any one or more defendant insured under the policy is found	
11	liable to M	arcus for the allegations in the Marcus complaint, which liability SDRS and SDCS	
12	deny, those	e defendants are entitled to be indemnified by CATLIN under the policy. SDRS	
13	and SDCS	deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.	
14	55.	SDRS and SDCS admit that plaintiff is seeking a declaration that there is no	
15	coverage b	ut deny plaintiff is entitled to such a declaration and deny the remaining	
16	allegations	in this paragraph.	
17		COUNT II	
18		(IN THE ALTERNATIVE TO COUNT III) DECLARATION OF NO COVERAGE BECAUSE SAN DIEGO	
19		ACTED ONLY WILLFULLY	
20	56.	SDRS and SDCS incorporate by this reference their answers to paragraphs 1	
21	through 55, above.		
22	57.	SDRS and SDCS admit the existence of § 533 of the Insurance Code but deny	
23	that § 533	is applicable in this matter and deny that any of their acts were willful as alleged.	
24	58.	SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.	
25	59.	SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.	
26	60.	SDRS and SDCS admit that plaintiff is seeking such a declaration but deny that	
27	plaintiff is e	entitled to one and deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.	
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COUNT III

(IN THE ALTERNATIVE TO COUNTS I, II, AND IV) DECLARATION OF NO COVERAGE BECAUSE SAN DIEGO BREACHED ITS DUTIES UNDER THE POLICY'S NOTICE PROVISIONS

- 61. SDRS and SDCS incorporate by this reference their answers to paragraphs 1 rough 61, above.
 - 62. SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.
 - 63. SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.
 - 64. SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.
 - 65. SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.
 - 66. SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.
- 67. SDRS and SDCS deny that plaintiff has no duty to defend the defendants as leged. In the event one or more defendant covered under the policy is found liable to arcus in relation to the allegations in the Marcus complaint, which liability SDRS and DCS deny, those defendants are entitled to be indemnified by CATLIN under the policy.
- SDRS and SDCS admit plaintiff seeks such a declaration but deny plaintiff is 68. ititled to one and deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.

COUNT IV

(IN THE ALTERNATIVE TO COUNT III) **DECLARATION THAT EXCLUSIONS 7, 10, AND 12 EXCLUDE** COVERAGE FOR MARCUS FOODS [sic] COMPLAINT

- 69. SDRS and SDCS incorporate by this reference their answers to paragraphs 1 rough 68, above.
- 70. SDRS and SDCS deny that plaintiff has accurately quoted the cited portions of e policy and assert that the policy speaks for itself. SDRS and SDCS deny the remaining legations in this paragraph.
 - SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph. 71.
 - 72. SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.

- 73. SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph.
- SDRS and SDCS deny the allegations in this paragraph. 74.
- SDRS and SDCS deny that CATLIN has no duty to defend the defendants in 75. relation to the allegations in the Marcus complaint. In the event one or more defendant covered under the policy is found liable to Marcus in relation to the allegations in the Marcus complaint, which liability SDRS and SDCS deny, those defendants are entitled to be indemnified by plaintiff under the policy.
- 76. SDRS and SDCS admit that plaintiff is seeking such a declaration but deny that plaintiff is entitled to one and deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph.

COUNTERCLAIM

THE PARTIES

- 77. PLA-ART International, Inc. dba San Diego Cold Storage ("SDCS") is a California corporation which, at all times relevant, engaged in business as a public refrigerated warehouse operator at 1240 W. 28th Street, National City, California.
- 78. SDCS is informed that Catlin Underwriting Agencies Limited ("CATLIN") is a company organized under the laws of England engaged in business as a commercial insurers and at all times relevant was authorized to underwrite risks in the State of California.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 79. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a)(2) because it is a civil action in which the matter in controversy exceeds \$75,000 exclusive of interest and costs, between a citizen of California and a citizen or subject of a foreign state, United Kingdom.
- 80. This Court has declaratory judgment jurisdiction over this actual controversy pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 2201, et seq.
- 81. Venue in this District is proper pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 1391(a)(1) and (2) because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the

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ccurred in this District. CATLIN is an alien and thus may be sued in any district pursuant to the

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provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 1391(d), including in this District.

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FACTUAL BACKGROUND

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83. CATLIN issued its Certificate No. LON7801-05 with SDCS, among others, as the named insureds, with a policy effective date of January 1, 2006 (Subject Policy) providing coverage for SDCS' legal liability as a warehouse operator or bailee at 1240 W. 28th Street, National City, California ("the National City facility").

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84. SDCS stored products for several customers, including MARCUS FOOD CO. ("MARCUS") at the National City facility in June, 2005.

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85. SDCS issued MARCUS non-negotiable warehouse receipts for all products SDCS stored for MARCUS' account at the National City facility.

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86. Between January 1, 2006 and September 30, 2006, Sergio Hernandez leased office space at the National City facility from SDCS.

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87. During the time he leased office space at the National City facility from SDCS, Sergio Hernandez was a sales agent for MARCUS.

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88. As a sales agent for MARCUS, Sergio Hernandez arranged sales of product stored at the National City facility to customers for MARCUS' account.

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89. As a sales agent for MARCUS, Sergio Hernandez arranged for the delivery of product to the National City facility for storage for MARCUS' account.

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90. As a sales agent for MARCUS, Sergio Hernandez inspected inbound and outbound product stored at the National City facility for MARCUS' account.

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91. As a sales agent for MARCUS, Sergio Hernandez often received MARCUS' product from SDCS National City facility and delivered product, in his own vehicle, to MARCUS' customers or made arrangements directly with the customers for the customers to come to the National City facility to pick up product and MARCUS knew this fact.

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As a sales agent for MARCUS, Sergio Hernandez had unrestricted access to the 92.

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product stored for MARCUS' account at the National City facility and MARCUS knew this fact.

- 93. On or before August 8, 2006, pursuant to a request from MARCUS, SDCS conducted a physical inventory of all MARCUS' product SDCS had in storage at the National City facility.
- 94. In September 2006, MARCUS made a written demand on SDCS for the alleged value of product which, according to MARCUS, Sergio Hernandez had removed from the National City facility and delivered to one of Marcus' customers without MARCUS' consent, authorization or knowledge and without any payment to MARCUS for the product ("Released Product").
- 95. SDCS rejected MARCUS FOODS' demand for payment and denied it was liable to MARCUS FOODS for the Released Product Sergio Hernandez had removed from the National City facility.
- 96. Similarly, SDCS rejected MACUS' subsequent demands for payment relating to the alleged Released Product.
- 97. During September 2006, MARCUS provided a Memo of Understanding to SDCS purportedly executed by Alberto Sanchez, the owner of Del Rancho Foods in which Mr. Sanchez agreed to assume certain debt obligations to MARCUS, including an obligation to pay MARCUS for "[A]pproximately \$143,000 of products delivered to me by Sergio Hernandez that was not invoiced by Marcus Food Company, Inc".
- 98. Based on the Memo of Understanding it received from MARCUS and other actions by MARCUS and Sergio Hernandez, SDCS reasonably believed that MARCUS had ratified the actions of its sales' agent Sergio Hernandez and that MARCUS would not pursue any claim against SDCS for the Released Product.
- 99. SDCS's reliance on the Memo of Understanding to form the belief that MARCUS would not pursue a claim against SDCS for Released Product was reasonable under the circumstances.
 - On May 10, 2007, MARCUS filed suit against SDCS, Sergio Hernandez and 100.

1	others seeking damages for the alleged unauthorized release of the Released Product. A		
2	copy of the Marcus' Complaint is attached as Exhibit "C" to CATLIN'S complaint.		
3	101. In paragraph 8 of its Complaint, MARCUS admitted that the storage contract		
4	between MARCUS and SDCS consists of the terms and conditions contained in SDCS' Non-		
5	Negotiable Warehouse Receipt.		
6	102. In paragraph 8 of its Complaint, MARCUS incorporated the terms and		
7	conditions of SDCS' Non-Negotiable Warehouse Receipt.		
8	103. In paragraphs 13-17 of Count I of its Complaint, MARCUS alleged that SDCS		
9	has breached its storage contract with MARCUS.		
10	104. In Count II of the Complaint, MARCUS alleged that SDCS and the other		
11	defendants converted the Released Products to and for their own use.		
12	105. Section 9 of SDCS's Non-Negotiable Warehouse Receipt is entitled		
13	"LIABILITY AND LIMITATION OF DAMAGES" and provides in pertinent part as follows:		
14	(a) [SDCS] SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY LOSS, DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION TO GOODS, HOWEVER CAUSED, UNLESS SUCH LOSS,		
15	DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION RESULTED FROM THE COMPANY'S FAILURE TO EXERCISE SUCH CARE IN REGARD TO THE GOODS AS A		
16	REASONABLY CAREFUL MAN WOULD EXERCISE UNDER LIKE CIRCUMSTANCES. COMPANY IS NOT LIABLE FOR DAMAGES WHICH		
17	COULD NOT HAVE BEEN AVOIDED BY THE EXERCISE OF SUCH CARE.		
18	***		
19	(d) IN THE EVENT OF LOSS, DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION TO THE GOODS FOR WHICH THE COMPANY IS LEGALLY LIABLE, STORER DECLARES		
20	THAT COMPANY'S LIABILITY SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE LESSER OF THE FOLLOWING: (1) THE ACTUAL COST TO STORER OF REPLACING, OR		
21	REPRODUCING THE LOST, DAMAGED, AND/OR DESTROYED GOODS TOGETHER WITH TRANSPORTATION COSTS TO WAREHOUSE, (2) THE		
22	FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE LOST, DAMAGED, AND/OR DESTROYED GOODS ON THE DATE STORER IS NOTIFIED OF LOSS, DAMAGE AND/OR		
23	DESTRUCTION, (3) 50 TIMES THE MONTHLY STORAGE CHARGE APPLICABLE TO SUCH LOST, DAMAGED AND/OR DESTROYED GOODS,		
24	(4) \$0.50 PER POUND FOR SAID LOST, DAMAGED, AND/OR DESTROYED GOODS. PROVIDED, HOWEVER THAT WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME		
25	AFTER RECEIPT OF THIS WAREHOUSE RECEIPT, STORER MAY, UPON WRITTEN REQUEST INCREASE COMPANY'S LIABILITY ON PART OR ALL		
26	OF THE GOODS IN WHICH CASE AN INCREASED CHARGE WILL BE MADE BASED UPON SUCH INCREASED VALUATION; FURTHER		
27	PROVIDED THAT NO SUCH REQUEST SHALL BE VALID UNLESS MADE BEFORE LOSS, DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION TO ANY PORTION OF THE		
28	GOODS HAS OCCURRED.		

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(e) THE COMPANY'S LIABILITY REFERRED TO IN SECTION 9(d) SHALL BE STORER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AGAINST COMPANY FOR ANY CLAIMS OR CAUSE OF ACTION WHATSOEVER RELATING TO LOSS, DAMAGE AND/OR DESTRUCTION OF GOODS AND SHALL APPLY TO ALL CLAIMS INCLUDING INVENTORY SHORTAGES AND MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE CLAIMS UNLESS STORER PROVES BY AFFIRMATIVE EVIDENCE THAT COMPANY CONVERTED THE GOODS TO ITS OWN USE. STORER WAIVES THE RIGHT TO RELY UPON ANY PRESUMPTION OF CONVERSION IMPOSED BY LAW, IN NO EVENT SHALL STORER BE ENTITLED TO INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, PUNITIVE OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES. [Bold with capitals in the original].

- 106. SDCS was served with the MARCUS' complaint on June 22, 2007 and immediately forwarded the summons and complaint, with a demand for a defense to plaintiff or its agents.
- 107. CATLIN received a notice of the MARCUS' complaint from SDCS on or before June 26, 2007.
- 108. SDCS was required to answer or otherwise plead to the complaint on or before July 23, 2007.
- 109. On July 10, 2007 CATLIN's agent Christopher Moss sent the following email to SDCS' counsel, Linda Fritz:

Thank you for your follow-up and diligence. There is a question as to whether or not MARCUS FOODS [sic] lawsuit triggers coverage under the Warehouse Legal Liability Policy and the insurer must reserve all of its rights under the policy, including the right to deny coverage in its entirety. We are presently evaluating the coverage situation and hope to have an answer in that regard before the end of the week.

I would like to contact a defense attorney I would choose to use if coverage applies to see if he can take the case. I will make this call in the morning and if he can take the case I would suggest that you consider him. I will call you after I speak with him.

110. On July 18, 2007 SDCS retained counsel at its own expense to represent it and its employee, Miguel Cueva, in the MARCUS' lawsuit since its last communication from CATLIN and/or its agent Christopher Moss was July 12, 2007 when Christopher Moss emailed SDCS' Linda Fritz and advised her that he was playing phone tag with the counsel he referred to in his July 7 2007 email, that CATLIN was still "trying to shore up the issue of

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coverage and whether or not this lawsuit [the Marcus Foods' lawsuit] triggers coverage under the Warehouse Legal Liability policy" and that CATLIN "continues to reserve all rights under the policy."

111. On July 26, 2006, CATLIN, through its counsel, emailed a letter to SDCS denying it had any duty to defend SDCS but allegedly reserving its right to indemnify SDCS under the Policy in relation to the MARCUS' complaint.

FIRST COUNTERCLAIM

(Breach of Contract to Defend)

- SDCS incorporates by this reference paragraphs 1 through 111, above. 112.
- 113. Paragraph 1(a) of the Policy provides that the [Insurer] agrees:

To pay on behalf of the **Insured** those sums that the Insured becomes legally obligated to pay for **Property Damage** by reason of liability imposed upon the **Insured** as a warehouse operator or bailee resulting from an **occurrence** during the certificate period.

- 114. Paragraph 2(b) of the Policy provides as follows:
 - b. The **Company** has the right and duty, to defend any suit or other proceedings with may be brought against the **Insured** to enforce claims, even if such suits or proceedings are groundless, false or fraudulent. But:
 - **Company** may make such investigation, negotiation and (1) settlement of any claim or suit as the **Company** deems warranted whether such claim exceeds policy deductible or not;
 - (2) **Company** reserves and shall have the right to select defense attorneys and determine reasonable and appropriate compensation for those defense attorneys;
 - Company's right and duty to defend shall end when (3)**Company** has paid or tendered the applicable limit of insurance to one or more claimants.
 - **Company** had no duty to defend the **Insured** against any (4) suit or other proceedings seeking damages to which this insurance does not apply.
- 115. Paragraph F, entitled **DEFINITIONS** provides in pertinent part as follows:

- 3. **Property Damage**" means physical loss, damage or destruction to tangible, personal property owned by others in the care, custody or control of the Insured while on the **Premises** of the **Insured** and includes loss of use of such property. **Property Damage** includes the reasonable and necessary costs incurred to remove the debris of such property after an Occurrence. Property Damage includes actual loss of profits not to exceed those profits, which would have been realized from the sale of the lost, damaged or destroyed property. Property Damage does not include any other consequential damages including, but not limited to, personal injury, other lost profits, or damage to reputation or goodwill.
- 4. The term "Occurrence", wherever employed in this Insurance, is defined as (1) an accident that takes place during the period of insurance under this Certificate, or (2) in the absence thereof, a continuous or repeated exposure to conditions which unexpectedly cause loss or destruction of or damage to tangible property during the period of insurance under this Certificate, and all such exposure to substantially the same general conditions existing at or emanating from any one Premises specified in the Supplemental Declarations shall be deemed one Occurrence.
- CATLIN failed to conduct a reasonable investigation of the allegations in the MARCUS lawsuit and therefore breached the implied obligation of good faith and fair dealing inherent in every contract under California law.
- 117. Had CATLIN conducted a reasonable investigation of the allegations in the MARCUS lawsuit, CATLIN would have determined that it had a duty to defend SDCS in the MARCUS law suit.
- 118. CATLIN's failure to conduct a reasonable investigation of the allegations in the MARCUS lawsuit constitutes a material breach of the Policy.
- 119. CATLIN's refusal to defend SDCS in the MARCUS lawsuit is a material breach of CATLIN's obligation under the Policy because the claims MARCUS alleged in the MARCUS lawsuit clearly allege an occurrence and property damage under the Policy.

· '	120.	SDCS has substantially complied with all its obligations under the terms of the	
2	Policy.		
3	121.	As a result of CATLIN's breach of its obligations under the policy to conduct a	
4	reasonable investigation and to provide SDCS with a defense in the MARCUS law suit,		
5	SDCS has incurred damages in excess of \$75,000 in attorneys' fees and expenses in		
6	defending its	elf in the MARCUS lawsuit, no part of which has CATLIN been reimbursed.	
7	SECOND COUNTERCLAIM		
8	(Breach of Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing)		
9	122.	SDCS incorporates by this reference paragraphs 1 through 121, above.	
10	123.	CATLIN's denial of its duty to defend SDCS in the MARCUS lawsuit is without	
11	proper cause	and is unreasonable.	
12	124.	CATLIN's refusal to investigate the allegations in the MARCUS lawsuit is	
13	inherently ur	nreasonable.	
14	125.	CATLIN's interpretation of the allegations of the MARCUS' lawsuit and/or its	
15	interpretation	of the Policy in refusing to defend SDCS in the MARCUS lawsuit are	
16	inherently unreasonable.		
17	126.	At the time CATLIN wrongfully denied a defense to SDCS, CATLIN knew or	
18	should have	known the following regarding the allegations in the MARCUS' lawsuit	
19	including, but not limited to, the following:		
20	a.	That Count I of the MARCUS' lawsuit alleged that SDCS acts and/or omissions were negligent and therefore constituted an occurrence under the Policy;	
21	b.	That the product allegedly released by SDCS without MARCUS' authorization	
22		was perishable and therefore could not have been returned to Marcus when the alleged unauthorized release of product was learned by Marcus;	
23 24	C.	That any release of product without MARCUS' authorization as alleged in the MARCUS' lawsuit constitutes Property Damage under the Policy;	
25 26	d.	That the MARCUS' lawsuit does not allege MARCUS sustained a loss arising out of any processing performed by or on behalf of SDCS.	
27	e.	That the loss alleged by MARCUS in the MARCUS' lawsuit does not allege an "unexplained loss and shortage of product based upon a discrepancy between a physical count and a book, computer or other inventory."	
28		a physical count and a book, computer of other inventory.	

f.	That in refusing to defend SDCS in the MARCUS' lawsuit while reserving its right to indemnify SDCS in the MARCUS' lawsuit, CATLIN has explicitly or implicitly admitted that the MARCUS Complaint alleged facts that potentially	
	triggered coverage under the Policy and,	
g.	That CATLIN did not suffer substantial prejudice as required by law, in order to deny coverage for untimely notice.	
127.	CATLIN's actions constitute a vexatious and unreasonable refusal to defend	
SDCS in the MARCUS lawsuit.		
128.	As a result of CATLIN's unreasonable and vexatious refusal to defend SDCS in	
the MARCUS	S' lawsuit, SDCS has incurred damages in excess of \$75,000 in attorneys' fees	
and other expenses and SDCS is further entitled to recover punitive damages.		
WHEREFORE, PLA-ART International dba San Diego Cold Storage prays for judgmen		
against Catlin Underwriting Agencies, Ltd. as follows:		
1.	For a declaratory judgment;	
2.	That SDCS is entitled to a defense under the Policy in relation to the	
MARCUS' la	wsuit;	
3.	That SDCS is entitled to be reimbursed by CATLIN for all attorneys' fees and	
other expens	es SDCS has incurred to date and will in the future incur in defending the	
MARCUS lav	v suit;	
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	127. SDCS in the 128. the MARCUS and other expenses MARCUS law /// /// /// /// /// /// /// /// /// /	

1	4.	For money damages in an am	nount to be proven at trial;
2	5.	For attorneys fees and costs	of suit; and
3	6.	For such other and further re	lief as this Court deems just and proper.
4			
5	DATED: Apr	ril 3, 2008 SOL	OMON WARD SEIDENWURM & SMITH, LLP
6			,, ,, ,, ,, ,
7		Ву:	/s/ Edward J. McIntyre
8			EDWARD J. MCINTÝRE
9			AND
10			JOHN F. HORVATH HORVATH & WEAVER, P.C.
11			Attorneys for Defendants San Diego Refrigerated Services, doing business as
12			Harborside Refrigerated Services, doing business as Harborside; San Diego Refrigerated
13			Services, Inc. doing business as San Diego Terminals and Pla-Art International, Inc. doing
14			business as San Diego Cold Storage, also known as, SDCold, doing business as San
15			Diego Cold, doing business as San Diego Ice & Cold Storage
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 1 I caused the ANSWER TO COMPLAINT AND COUNTERCLAIM FOR 2 3 **DECLARATORY JUDGMENT** to be served in the following manner: 4 **Electronic Mail Notice List** The following are those who are currently on the list to receive e-mail notices for this 5 case. 6 **Electronic Mail Notice List** 7 8 Jack Chia-Ko Hsu, Esq. Kevin Gerry, Esq. kevingerry@earthlink.net jhsu@christensenehret.com 9 Christensen Ehret LLP The Law Offices of Kevin Gerry 222 West Adams Street, Suite 2170 A Professional Corporation 10 Chicago, IL 60606 1001 Olive Street Telephone: (312) 214-5355 Santa Barbara, CA 93103 11 Facsimile: (312) 214-1014 Telephone: (310) 275-1620 Attorneys for Plaintiff Catlin Underwriting Attorneys for Defendant Marcus Food Co. 12 Agenciés Limited 13 14 **Manual Notice List** The following is the list of attorneys who are not on the list to receive e-mail notices 15 for this case (who therefore require manual noticing). 16 17 None. 18 /s/ Edward J. McIntyre EDWARD J. MCINTYRE 19 20 21 22 23 24 **25** 26 27 28